

PrimAgro N as a nitrogen source on spring wheat

Ferhringer Agricultural Consulting. Billings, MT - 2018

Experiment Info:

Planted:	05/07/2018		
Harvest:	09/12/2018		
Yield Goal:	70 Bu/A		
Target Fert.:	80-35-0		
Variety:	Vida		
Population:	1,000,000		
Row Width:	7.5"		
Prev. Crop:	Spr. wheat		
Plot Size:	4' x 70'		
Replications:	4		

Soil Test Values (ppm):

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рН:	7.6	
CEC:	29.5	
%OM:	2.1	
Bray P1:		
Bicarb P:	14	
K:	418	
S:	6	
%K:	3.6	
%Mg:		
%Ca:		
%H:		
Zn:	1.1	
Mn:	1.8	
B:		

Objective:

Evaluate PrimAgro N and High NRG-N as nitrogen sources for spring wheat.

PrimAgro N is the newest nitrogen fertilizer from AgroLiquid. It is a 30% nitrogen (compared to 27% for High NRG-N) that combines a faster acting nitrogen with controlled release nitrogen. Additionally, as part of the PrimAgro line, it contains beneficial microbes for enhancement of soil health reactions. In this case it is *Bacillus subtillus*. Based on field testing, despite differences in %N, both High NRG-N and PrimAgro N are applied at equal volume rates when used as nitrogen sources,

These treatments evaluated both High NRG-N and PrimAgro N at equal methods of application: preplant with streamer nozzles combined with Pro-Germinator, Micro 500 and accesS. An additional treatment was a partial rate of High NRG-N applied at pre-plant and the balance applied as PrimAgro N at topdress, to see if there was a benefit to an in-season application. Results are in the table.

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Fertilizer treatment per acre	Bu/A	%protein	% N	
1 Preplant stream (16 + 3.5 + 0.25 + 1 gal)	77.7	14.4	4.91	
High NRG-N + Pro-Germ + Micro 500 + accesS	,,,,	17.7	4.51	
2 Preplant stream (16 + 3.5 + 0.25 + 1 gal)	77.1	14.5	4.9	
PrimAgro N + Pro-Germ + Micro 500 + accesS	77.1	14.5	4.5	
3 Preplant stream (12 + 3.5 + 0.25 + 1 gal)				
High NRG-N + Pro-Germ + Micro 500 + accesS	75.4 15		4.85	
Topdress at 12" growth (4 gal)				
PrimAgro N				

Yield: No statistically significant diff. (F=0.83); Protein: LSD(0.2): 0.5; CV: 5%

Conclusions:

- Both N sources enabled equal yield and grain protein. The microbial effects did not result in an expressed yield benefit in the year of application.
- There was a significantly higher protein level from the topdress application of PrimAgro N. So perhaps the inseason application was beneficial for making protein. Although the flag-leaf nitrogen level was not higher than the other treatments. A flag leaf level of 4.25% N is considered to be the level for adequate plant nitrogen to reach the baseline target of 14% grain protein. So all treatments exceeded the minimum.